

# Package: disclapmix2 (via r-universe)

September 4, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** Mixtures of Discrete Laplace Distributions using Numerical Optimisation

**Version** 0.6.2

**Date** 2023-06-12

**Description** Fit a mixture of Discrete Laplace distributions using plain numerical optimisation. This package has similar applications as the 'disclapmix' package that uses an EM algorithm.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Imports** Rcpp (>= 1.0.3), cluster

**LinkingTo** Rcpp

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.1

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Suggests** testthat, disclapmix, readxl

**Repository** <https://mkruijver.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/mkruijver/disclapmix2>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** 3905f8fd1d8dc52c5c55781a3cac50e89eb9a828

## Contents

disclapmix2 . . . . .	2
haplotype_counts . . . . .	3
profile_pr_by_locus_and_cluster . . . . .	4
unique_haplotype_counts . . . . .	5

<b>Index</b>	<b>6</b>
--------------	----------

---

 disclapmix2

*Discrete Laplace mixture inference using Numerical Optimisation*


---

### Description

An extension to the *disclapmix* method in the *disclapmix* package that supports duplicated loci and other non-standard haplotypes.

### Usage

```
disclapmix2(
  x,
  number_of_clusters,
  include_2_loci = FALSE,
  remove_non_standard_haplotypes = TRUE,
  use_stripped_data_for_initial_clustering = FALSE,
  initial_y_method = "pam",
  verbose = 0L
)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	DataFrame. Columns should be one character vector for each locus
<code>number_of_clusters</code>	The number of clusters to fit the model for.
<code>include_2_loci</code>	Should duplicated loci be included or excluded from the analysis?
<code>remove_non_standard_haplotypes</code>	Should observations that are not single integer alleles be removed?
<code>use_stripped_data_for_initial_clustering</code>	Should non_standard data be removed for the initial clustering?
<code>initial_y_method</code>	Which cluster method to use for finding initial central haplotypes, y: pam (recommended) or clara.
<code>verbose</code>	Set to 1 (or higher) to print optimisation details. Default is 0.

### Value

List.

### Examples

```
require(disclapmix)

data(danes)

x <- as.matrix(danes[rep(seq_len(nrow(danes)), danes$N), -ncol(danes)])
```

```
x2 <- as.data.frame(sapply(danes[rep(seq_len(nrow(danes)), danes$n), -ncol(danes)], as.character))

d1m_fit <- disclapmix(x, clusters = 3L)
d1m2_fit <- disclapmix2(x2, number_of_clusters = 3)

stopifnot(all.equal(d1m_fit$logL_marginal, d1m2_fit$log_lik))
```

---

haplotype_counts	<i>Count the number of times each haplotype occurs</i>
------------------	--

---

## Description

Count the number of times each haplotype occurs

## Usage

```
haplotype_counts(x)
```

## Arguments

x                      DataFrame (by locus) of character vectors containing haplotypes (rows) where alleles are separated by comma's, e.g. "13,14.2" is a haplotype

## Value

Integer vector with count for each row in DataFrame

## Examples

```
# read haplotypes
h <- readxl::read_excel(system.file("extdata", "South_Australia.xlsx",
package = "disclapmix2"),
col_types = "text")[-c(1,2)]

# obtain counts
counts <- disclapmix2::haplotype_counts(h)

# all haplotypes in the dataset are unique
stopifnot(all(counts == 1))
```

---

```
profile_pr_by_locus_and_cluster  
    Compute Profile Probability from fit
```

---

**Description**

Compute the profile probability for a new profile that was not used in the original fit.

**Usage**

```
profile_pr_by_locus_and_cluster(x, fit)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	DataFrame. Columns should be one character vector for each locus
<code>fit</code>	Output from <code>disclapmix2</code>

**Value**

Numeric.

**Examples**

```
require(disclapmix)  
  
data(danes)  
  
x <- as.data.frame(sapply(danes[rep(seq_len(nrow(danes))), danes$n], -ncol(danes)], as.character))  
  
d1m2_fit <- disclapmix2(x, number_of_clusters = 3)  
  
new_profile <- structure(list(DYS19 = "14", DYS389I = "13", DYS389II = "29",  
                             DYS390 = "22", DYS391 = "9", DYS392 = "15", DYS393 = "13",  
                             DYS437 = "14", DYS438 = "11", DYS439 = "12"),  
                          row.names = 1L, class = "data.frame")  
  
profile_pr_by_locus_and_cluster(x = new_profile, d1m2_fit)
```

---

`unique_haplotype_counts`*List unique haplotypes with their counts*

---

**Description**

List unique haplotypes with their counts

**Usage**

```
unique_haplotype_counts(x)
```

**Arguments**

`x` DataFrame (by locus) of character vectors containing haplotypes (rows) where alleles are separated by comma's, e.g. "13,14.2" is a haplotype

**Value**

DataFrame with unique rows and a Count column added at the end

**Examples**

```
# read haplotypes
h <- readxl::read_excel(system.file("extdata", "South_Australia.xlsx",
  package = "disclapmix2"),
  col_types = "text")[-c(1,2)]

# obtain counts
unique_counts <- disclapmix2::unique_haplotype_counts(h)

# all haplotypes in the dataset are unique
stopifnot(all(unique_counts$Count == 1))
```

# Index

`disclapmix2`, [2](#)

`haplotype_counts`, [3](#)

`profile_pr_by_locus_and_cluster`, [4](#)

`unique_haplotype_counts`, [5](#)